

THE KGOSI NCHAUPE III MAKAPAN FOUNDATION PRESENTS



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VOL. 1 OF 2020

KGOSI NCHAUPE MAKAPAN (III)

**2223 MOSATE SECTION
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1. Introduction

Bakgatla ba Mosetlha nation has a population of over 400 000 people with the most of them spread over a number province. It comprises of 32 villages which are spread over 120 000 Hectares of Land in the North West and now the also the Limpopo Province the land is underdevelopment and it is mostly used for Agriculture. The villages are presided over by the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha tribal Council, under the leadership of King Kgosi Nchaupe III Makapan

Bakgatla ba Mosetlha community is a tribal community that resides in the Moretele district of the Bojanala Municipality in the Northwest Province. The area is on the outskirts of the Tshwane Municipality, the contrast between our municipality and the areas under Tshwane is so vast and so great, that it seems that we are two different worlds. It is in the books of History that Bakgatla Ba Mosetlha tribe were one of the different tribes that occupied what is later known as Pretoria and now known as Tshwane when Mzilikazi on his retreat to Zimbabwe settled in the late 1600.

Our Villages Include the Following

Makapanstad (Mmamudu) (Sections; Mosate, Sechabeng, Maseding, Matebeleng, Mmekwa, Maropeng, Phomolong, Motlhabeneng, Greenside, Sefikantswe, Maseding East, Phake, Boiketlo, Maudu, Stellenbosch, Radipapanna, Majakaneng, Berea, Mmakgadile, Nazareth, Moratele)

Tladistad, Moretele (Sutelong), Kgomo-Kgomo (Sections; Pitsagaeloye, Malope) Ngobi Marks, Ngobi Matlala, Moratele Swartdam (Morekhuaneng), Norokie, Lebalangwe, Legaganeng, Rabosula, Mmatlhwaale, Selepe, Moema (Ngope di metlhaje), Mocheke, Mmotong, Bollantlokwe, Rantsime (Blackrock), Ralefyinya (Flynkzyndrift), Slaagboom, Dipetlwane, Mmukubanye Transactie (Tlhakadiawa), Jumbo (Ramakgwakgwa), Swartboom, Lekgolo, Madirogo, Dikebu, Bodulong, Mogotlhwane (Syferskuil), Mmakaunyane, Mankgekgetha, Little (Restitution De Grens), Tlholwe (Restitution De Grens), Phedile (Restitution De Grens), Legkraal (Marapo a thutlwa) Ga Montsho, Kontant, Raborotho, Mmapetlwane, Selepe (Mookane), Fafung (Mamahutsane)

Tambotielaagte, Waterval, Klipportjie (Ntswaetsane), Klipdraai (Lepanya), Tower, Worcester, Lochness, Vooruitzicht, Leeukraal, Haartebeeslaate (Kgomo a Tlhaba)

Farms still awaiting processing by Limpopo Regional Land Claims Commission

Mantshole 40 JR, Mantshole 44 JR, Blokhout 614 JR, Bles 58 JR, Leeupoort 373 KR, (Thuntshwane, Madinoko, Selobetsane), Grysult 477 KR, Drooggelaagte 485 KR (Moime) Kwarriehoek 475 (Mokgalahang, Haartebeesport 523 KQ (Mabula, Thaba Tshweu) Witfontein 526 KQ (Matsi Maswana/ Metse a Phepha, Rammollwane, Sunduza bantu), Rietspruit 527 KQ (Bonwaphala), Zandfontein 476 KQ (Segwale, Droogloot), Langkuil 13 KR (Mamodika)

Langkuil 491 KR, Driefontein 493 KR (Modubung), Ruigtesloot 160 JQ, Blokdrift 512 KQ (Thaba tala) Rietgat 563 KQ (Masobeng a lepenya le leholo), Rhenosterkloof 483 KQ, Droogekloof, Rhenosterkloof 471 K Q (Malebone) Morgenzon 553 KQ (Morogong)

Kgosi Nchauphe III Makapan Foundation

Kgosi Nchauphe III is the Paramount King of the Bakgatla Tribe, and is the king of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha. Kgosi is set to launch his foundation (The Kgosi Nchauphe III Makapan Foundation) which he aims to use to develop his community once again into a thriving nation brimming with endless opportunity. Kgosi also wants to the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha to be the economic hub of Moretele region.

On the 29th February Kgosi Nchauphe is launching his foundation and will be also using that opportunity to launch an investment summit and a fundraising initiative, which e hopes will draw investors from far and wide to invest in his kingdom.

The vast amount of land that belongs to the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha presents a numerous opportunity to prospective investors. Below is a sample of existing opportunities that we have identified and need different levels of partnerships and or investment in.

Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Rural Internet infrastructure Development plan

THE BAKGATLA BA MOSETLHA RURAL INTERNET PRESENTS



BAKGATLA BA MOSETLHA RURAL INTERNET INFRASTRUCTURE PROPOSAL

KGOSI NCHAUPHE MAKAPAN (III)
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There is a well-documented “digital Divide” between rural and urban areas when it comes to broadband access as. As of 2015, 54 percent of households in urban areas of the South African had residential broadband connections, compared to only 9 percent of rural households. This gap has persisted over a long time. My own research reveals that broadband adoption can help improve the economy in these rural areas (Including increase income, lowering unemployment) Tele-communications companies, entrepreneurs, and policymakers have regarded rural and poor markets with some combination of too-complex-to-serve and not-interesting enough (politically or economically) to be worthy of sustained attention. But times and technologies have changed, leaving what have been perceived as backwards to become significant growth areas in the next decades.

The Bakgatla ba Mosetlha villages are spread of a 40KM radius, because of the distance between the capital Makapanstad and the different village traditional councils it makes it difficult for Kgosi to communicate properly with Dikgosana, headmen or the community in those villages.

Tribal Communication

The current communication system within the tribe is that, once a week all headmen and dikgosana from all the different villages meet with Kgosi in Makapanstad on a Monday to get new information and to also give feedback on issues in their villages. When Kgosi wants to address the whole village a Kgotha-kgothe (Community Mass Meeting) is called so that Kgosi can convey the message and get feedback from the community. To organize a mass meeting, it takes time and resources as a loudhailer has to go out and broadcast the meeting and also broadcast reminders in different days to make sure everyone gets the information. When there is any urgent business that Kgosi or any stakeholder wants to communicate with the villages there is no other better alternative.

Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Cultural village

This plan represents the vision for an ethnical, cultural village and primitive city in an African context. A place where ways of how an African used to live and socialize, can be exhibited and preserved, this include all customs and norms of an African Society. We are living in a world where by African culture and heritage are continuously being suppressed in favour of a more Eurocentric type of living based on the colonial legacy modelled around the European culture. An African heritage is fighting for its survival because colonization and later apartheid planted a seed of the destruction of African heritage and cultural identity earlier by Europeans and currently by Africans themselves.

This has let many communities struggling to teach the next generation humanity and humility the way of pre colonized African. Now it's a time to go back to “us” It's a time to celebrate “us” our existence our culture, our heritage.

The concept is new and unique. Within this Cultural Village, culture, education, agriculture, recreation, commercial social enterprises and residential housing are integrated to create a viable community place and commercial hub.

The aim is to recreate an African village of the pre colonized Batswana people with a modern touch.



Kgomo-Kgomo Bird Life Sanctuary and Wetland

One of the Villages under the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha is Kgomo-Kgomo which is Situated in the beautiful Pienaars river area, approximately 50 kilometers from Pretoria and it lies next Zaagkuil drift Bird Sanctuary. Zaagkuil drift is proud to be recognised as a Birdlife South Africa destination. From this village we intend creating a Bird Sanctuary and other related tourism attraction activities, i.e. Bird Watching, Birding tours, Bicycle Rides, Walking trail among other related activities.

There are exotic species of birds in the area that has continued to attract visitors from all over the world, but because of limited resources Bakgatla ba Mosetlha has not managed to develop this activity into a tourism business enterprise, we have different species of birds in the area namely; Northern Black Korhaan, Desert Cisticole, Rufous-naped, Southern Carmine Bee-eater, Secretary bird, Lesser Grey Shrike, Amur Falcon and occasionally the uncommon Red-footed Falcon can be seen. African Fish-Eagle, Blue-cheeked Bee-eater and various swallows and swifts can often be seen from the road without difficulty. The general area and the next 5km of road that leads through fairly open woodland offers good birding and large Acacias should be checked for Common Whitethroat, Olive-tree Warbler, Icterine Warbler and Barred Wren-Warbler. Other birds typically encountered in this area include Common Scimitar bill, Southern Pied Babbler, White-browed Sparrow-Weaver, Brubru, Black Cuckoo and Burchell's Starling.



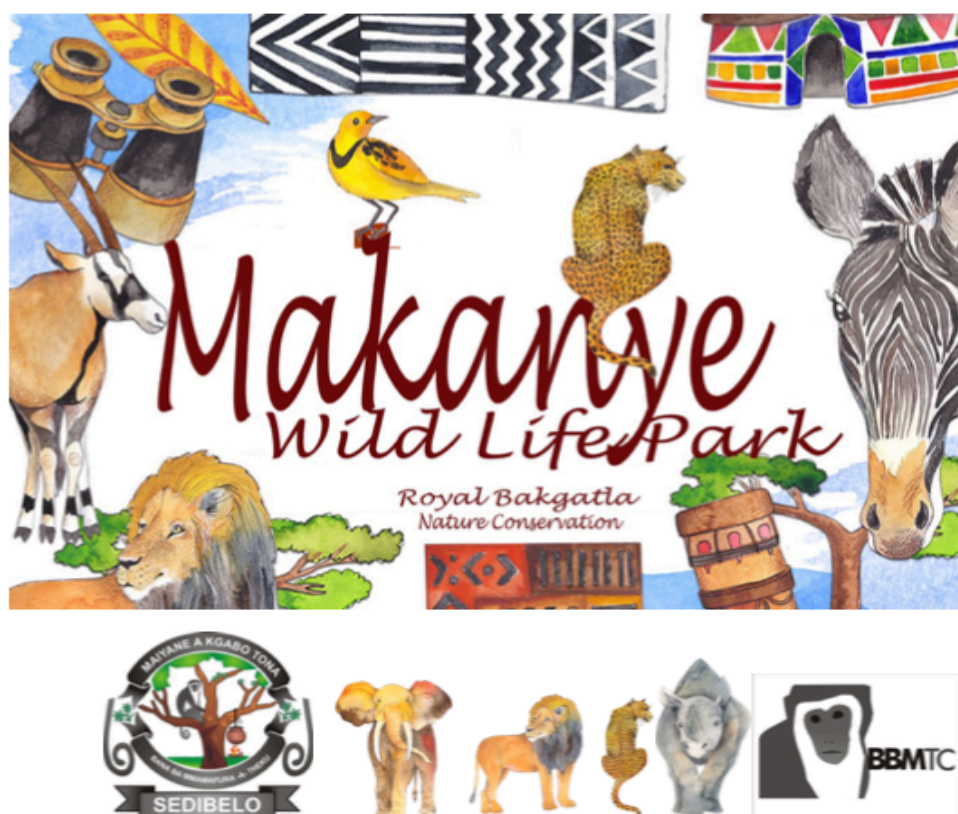
KGOMO-KGOMO BIRD LIFE | WETLAND | SANCTUARY

LENCOE MAKAPANE

Royal Bakgatla Nature Conservation

Kgosi Nchaupe has a proposal to set aside at least 10 000ha of land in different villages for nature conservation and wild game breeding programs. As a proto type for the Nature conservation plan, Kgosi Nchaupe has declare 1000 ha in Goedegewagde 60 JR and Bless 52 JR be reserved for Makanye wild life and conservation park. The aim is to create a world class tourism product within the Bakgatla ba Moseletsha kingdom.

THE ROYAL BAKGATLA NATURE CONSERVATION PRESENTS



"Magodula Dikwena Crocodile Ranch"

Crocodile ranching is a fast growing phenomenon in South Africa, particularly because of the increase in demand and the value of the Crocodile products.

The Crocodile skin has a great demand in the overseas market, and recently the meat has become a delicatessen in Many countries all over the world. Crocodiles are among the oldest creatures on earth, having survived for more than 200 million years. It is the last remaining member of the dinosaur family, and has not changed biologically through the years. Crocodiles have a long breeding life, which ranges from 25-30 years and a life span of almost 100 years.

The economics of farming crocodiles actually depends on: (1) the ability to raise a large percentage of stock to harvest size in no more than three years; (2) availability of a cheap food source; (3) high leather prices; (4) maximizing tourist (gate toll); (5) the sale of by-products; and (6) continued research to refine husbandry techniques.

Crocodile's skin is prominently rare and expensive when converted to shoes, handbags, belts, wallets, jackets and other leather crafts. A bag made from crocodile skin is worth US\$5,000 in a boutique in New York. Skin prices are variable and range from US\$10-12 per inch belly width in the producing country. The highest prices are paid for species with relatively small scoots such as ranched crocodiles. With the influx of wild skins diminishing due to depleted numbers and protective legislation, the market for farmed skins is expected to be relatively strong in the future.



MAGODULA DIKWENA | CROCODILE SKIN | CROCODILE MEAT

KGOSI NCHAUPE MAKAPAN (III)

Seaparankwe School of Leadership

The Seaparankwe school of leadership is a concept of a preparatory school with the same quality and resources of an Ivy league school, but it will be based in the Rural Area, i.e. in the Moretele District. For many years rural areas has experienced a high level of brain drain, before even this term "Brain drain" which refers to and out movement of skilled personnel from their indigenous communities to others, was commonly used in South African academic dictionary. Different laws before and during apartheid made people abandon their community in search of work in mines and in other places. That movement has broken down the family and communal structure, has robbed us of generational information wealth

the government continued from where Bantu education left off, rural schools tend to be more less supported or resourced than their counter parts in more affluent neighborhoods. The situation has led to a whole lot of neighborhood schools being closed because the enrolment rates are too low. While this might be true instead of fixing the problem more problems are being created

Aims and Objectives

The aim of the **Seaparankwe School of Leadership [SSL]** is to develop a world leader of the Caliber of the Kgosi Seaparankwe, Kgosi Linchwe, King Shaka, Nelson Mandela, Thomas Sankara, Samora Michel, Kwame Nkuruma, Stephen Bantu Biko, Patrice Lumumba and many other world renowned leaders who lead their communities to prosperity, who come with policies and narrative that gave hope to the masses.

We aim to teach and develop leaders that will be the next kings, Dikgosana, Bakgomane, Borrakgoro, Bommakgoro, politicians, presidents, sports personal and entrepreneurs amongst other, that will make sure that resources will be made available for the future rural child, even go to the extent that rural areas will be developed to an extent that the word rural won't be associated with underdevelopment.

SSL will be modeled around modern private school that puts emphasis of leadership and development of African traditional cultural values that will match any international standard. SSL Will be registered as an independent school according to the South African Schools Act (Act No 84 of 1996)



SEAPARANKWE SCHOOL OF LEADERSHIP PROPOSAL

KGOSI NCHAUPE MAKAPAN (III)

Tshimo ya Kgosi 3:21

Tshimo ya Kgosi is a program that is been proposed by Kgosi Nchaupe III who is the 21st Kgosi of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha tribe (hence 3:21). Kgosi would like to challenge the different schools under the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha to create 321 small and large school and communal gardens. As part of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Vision 2050, Kgosi Nchaupe aims by the year 2050, for the community of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha to be able to produce enough food to feed the entire country. For us to be able to get there is a need to take small steps today and start gardens at home and also teach kids how to produce food and take care of nature at a young age. "Smalls steps we take today as a community will be Giant leaps for the community tomorrow" Kgosi Nchaupe III

We have a 6000 hectare (ha) farm ready to be allocated for crop production.



SCHOOL GARDENS | MIX FARMING | CHILD NUTRITION | FOOD SECURITY

Essential Nature is a Royal Bakgatla community initiative, located in Makapanstad, our mission is to provide high quality, nutritionally dense and health enhanceive dietary supplements for consumption in both local and international markets. Also to promote healthy living in our community, especially in the back drop of poor primary health care in our village. We live by the saying “prevention is better than Cure”

The Products

Essential Natures cure plans to concentrate on nutrient dense dietary supplements. This includes the following initial products:

1. Kammon (Black Seeds)
2. Fenugreek,
3. Cayenne Pepper,
4. Garlic,
5. Cinnamon.
6. Ginger,
7. Turmeric,
8. Molasses,
9. Moringa,
10. Rose Geranium and others essential oils;

Our aim is to grow, process, package and distribute this medicinal herbs and plants.

THE BAKGATLA BA MOSETLHA NATURES CURE PRESENTS



Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Ditrupa event:

The South African Native Soldiers who were recruited to serve as fighters in the world war I on the part of the Allied Forces during the war. They were recruited from villages and towns in the Eastern Cape and Transvaal, with promises of glory and a better life, some were recruited in our local villages including Makapanstad. When they finally got there, they were not allowed to carry guns because of the color of their skin and instead served as laborer's on behalf of white soldiers. Black soldiers were treated as sub-human at the battlefield, thousands of miles away from home. The white's only Union of South Africa minority government feared the black men could use military skills to overthrow their oppressive ruling.

In 1918, on the 26th December local men returning from World War I brought back not only horrific memories but lessons learnt from the war which lives on today. The military drills they have observed during their time in the war were paraded at the royal kraal and this gave birth to the Ditrupa event and it became the part of the local culture. Until 2011, the celebrations had subsided when the local group professionals of Lebyaeng Troupe who grew up seeing the Ditrupa reignited the culture in the village, with the aim of embracing the local cultural activities for generations to come. Now this event is one of the Major events in the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Calendar and now the King Kgosi Nchauphe (III) aims to use it as another opportunity for community development, and also for creating cohesion amongst the tribe.



DITRUPA 100 YEARS CELEBRATION | 26 DECEMBER | MAKAPANSTAD

Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Economic Development

Kgosi Makapan has registered 28 (Which includes 8 secondary Co-operatives and 1 tertiary co-operative) community Co-operatives and 10 NGO made out of members of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha from 32 different villages. This organisations are the foundation of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Economic Development plan. The Aim and objectives of the organisations will be raise for different community projects by applying for grants and other source of funding from different institutions.



Property Development

Office Park - We have 16 Different Government department in Makapanstad, they are still being accommodated at the former Moretele college of education, it is an old building which was not designed for easy customer accessibility, The Moretele Municipality has ward offices also in Makapanstad. To ensure proper service delivery we need to build a customer oriented service delivery building to accommodate all the departments and the local Municipality.



Residential Units – The construction of the Makapanstad Agri park, Moretele Regional court, Eskom Substation and the new Makapanstad Police station are soon to begin, there is a great need for residential units, and that needs will increase in folds when all the development are completed.



Shopping Centres/Mall – The nearest shopping centres are Jubilee Mall in Hamanskraal and Central City in Mabopane both which are at least 30km away from our villages. We need to have a shopping centre in our village to accommodate the growing community.



The Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Traditional Council

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Kgosi Nchaupe III Makapan Foundation
Kgabo Thiba Tlala Investment Initiative



Activities includes

- 1. Golf day Challenge followed**
- 2. Gala Dinner,**
- 3. Tour of the Bakgatla ba Mosetlha Kingdom, amongst others**